LEARNING STYLES ACCORDING TO HONEY & MUMFORD MODEL

Learning styles: strengths and weaknesses

STRENGTHS	WEAKNESSES
An ACTIVIST	
 is flexible and open-minded enjoys doing things likes to be involved in new experiences is optimistic about change and puts up little resistance to it 	 tends to act without careful consideration often takes needless risks tends not to delegate and hogs the spotlight rushes into action without taking enough time to prepare gets bored with implementation
A REFLECTOR	
 is cautious is painstaking and methodical is pensive listens attentively to others and memorizes facts rarely jumps to conclusions 	 tends to avoid direct participation takes a long time to think before giving an opinion or making a decision tends to be overly cautious and takes too few risks is unsociable and may lack people skills (ability to communicate easily with various types of people)
A THEORIST	
 favours "vertical" logic is rational and objective questions and probes as though conducting a survey prefers a disciplinary approach 	attaches little importance to lateral thinking is intolerant of uncertainty, disorder and ambiguity is intolerant of all things subjective and intuitive speaks in terms of duty and obligation ("must")
A PRAGMATIST	
 is keen to try things out is practical, down to earth, realistic wastes no time getting to the point is technique oriented 	 tends to reject anything that is not readily applicable has little interest in theory or principles expedites problems by opting for the first solution that seems acceptable becomes impatient with talk for the sake of talking and vague speculation is more task oriented than people oriented

Adapted from Peter Honey and Alan Mumford (1986), "The Manual of Learning Styles." Maidenhead, Berkshire: Ardingly House.